

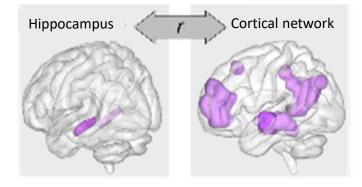
Oscillatory mechanisms for hippocampal memory encoding tested in humans

Sarah Lurie & Joel Voss

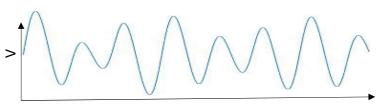
SFN 2019

Hippocampal theta and you

- Hippocampus and its network support episodic memory
- Hippocampus has prominent coherence in the theta range
 - Power relates to memory event success (e.g. Addante et. al, 2011; Fell et. al, 2011)
 - Theta phase may orchestrate binding of sensory inputs into coherent memory traces (e.g. Buzsaki, 2002; Siegle & Wilson 2012).

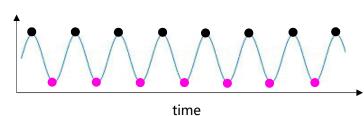


Hippocampal ensemble



time

theta component



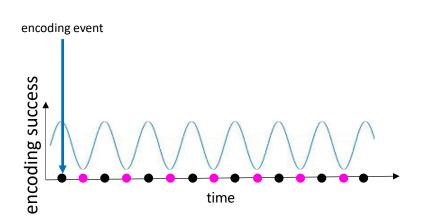
optiopatimetriewabding

optimal encoding

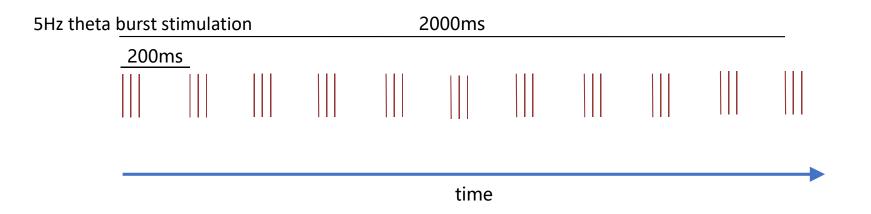
Project Goal:

Test dependence of memory encoding on hippocampal network theta phase

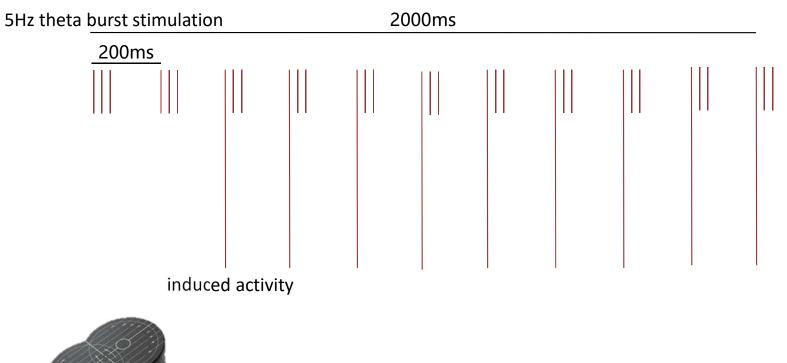




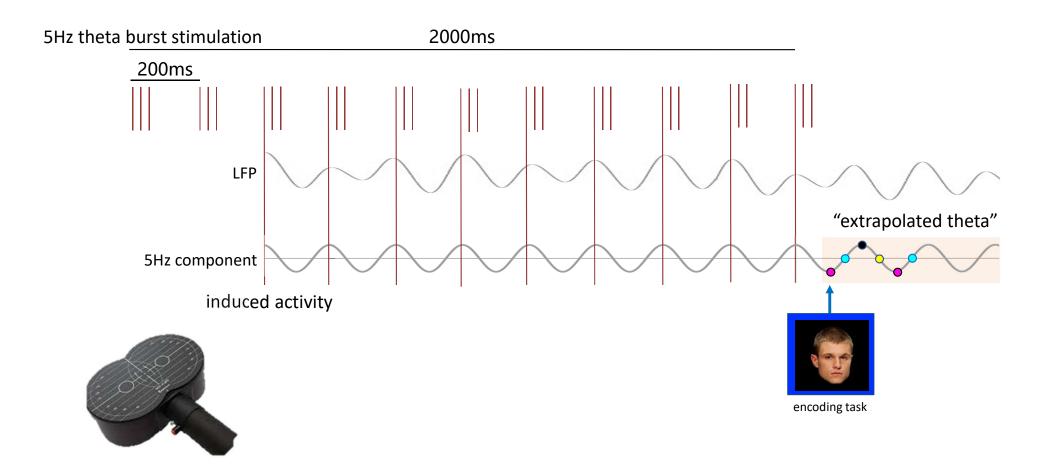


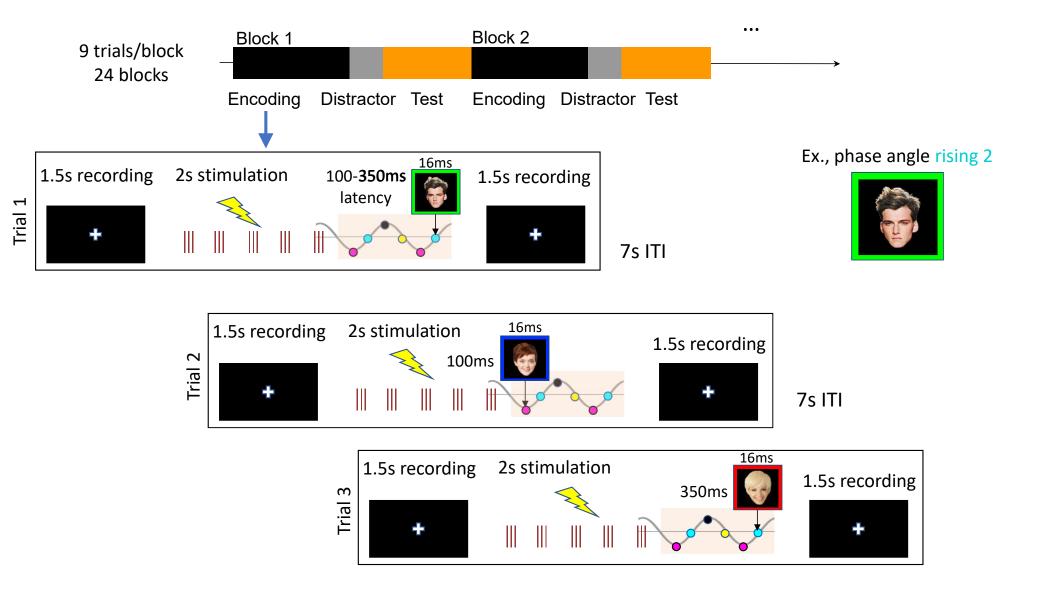


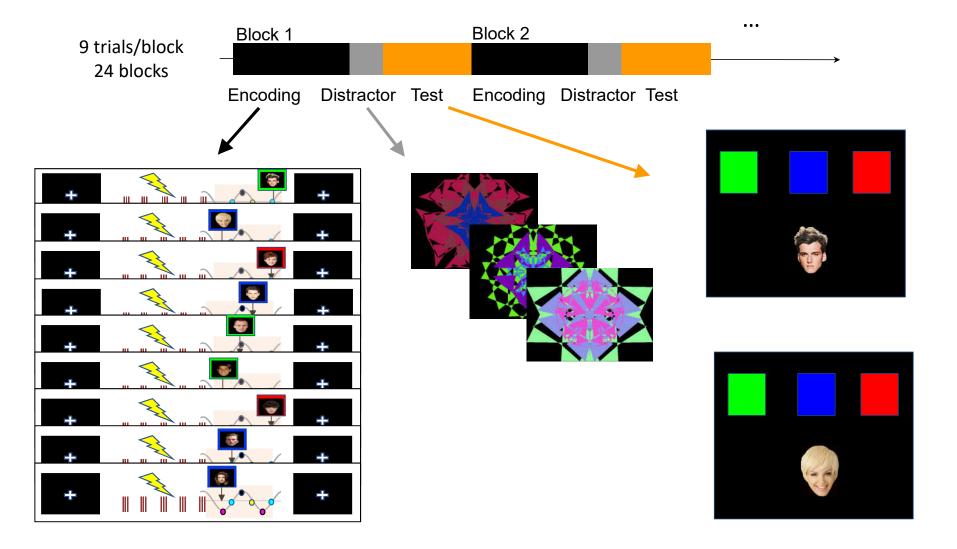




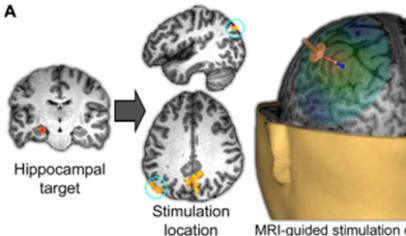




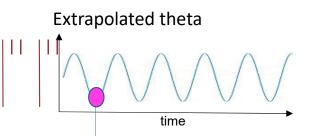




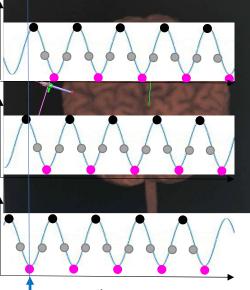
Stimulation site(s)



MRI-guided stimulation delivery



Hippoltampartwordostimulation



Expect a periodic effect on memory, but not necessarily at the peaks and troughs of extrapolated theta

time

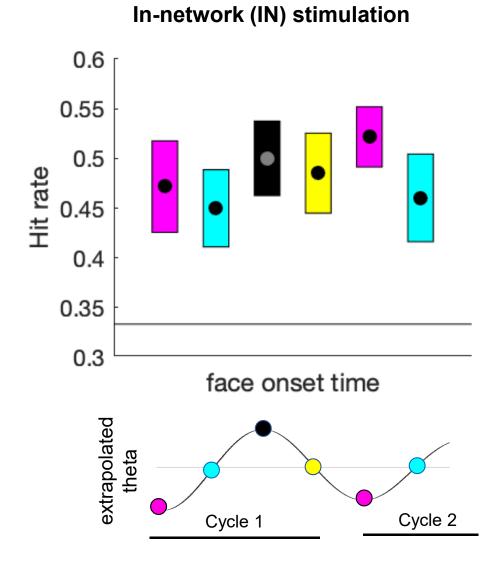


Encoded at an optimal or nonoptimal hipp. theta phase?

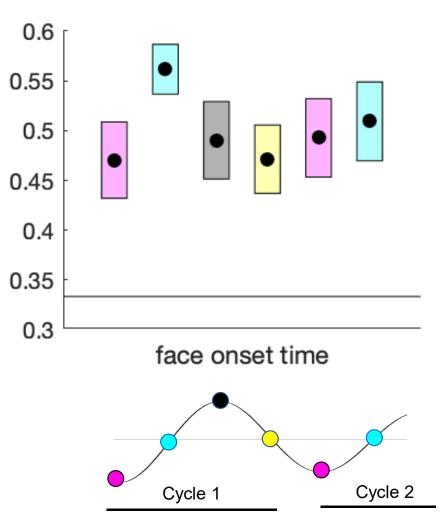
Wang et al., 2014

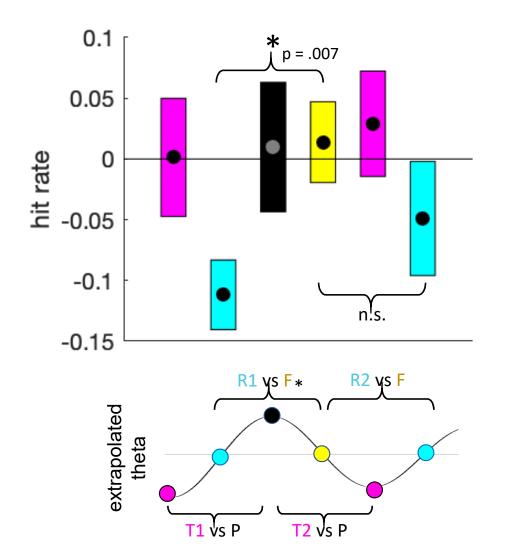
Results

Behavioral data: n = 15 EEG data: n = 12



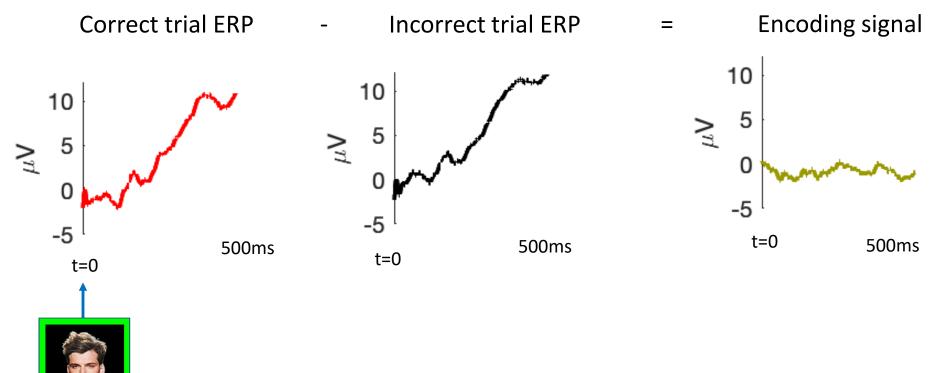
Out-of-network (OUT) stimulation





IN-OUT

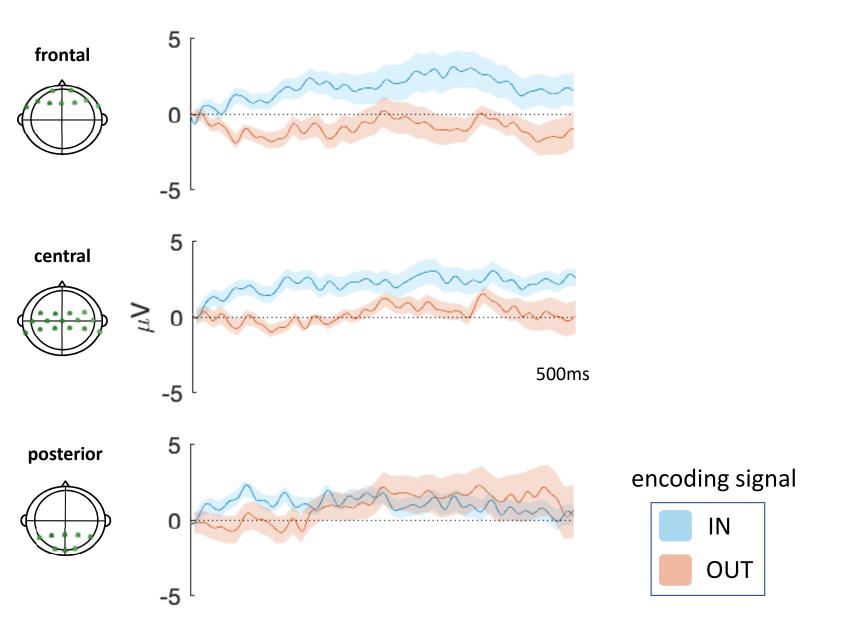
Do neural correlates of encoding vary with stim. network, phase?

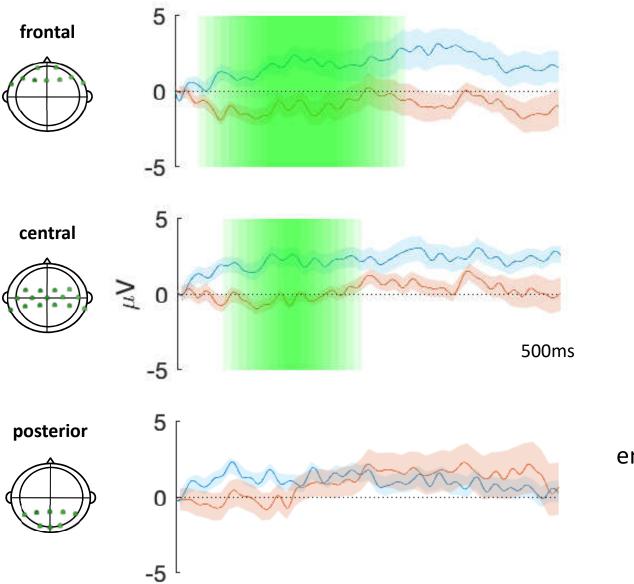


Observe effect of IN vs OUT of network stimulation:

- 1) Across all encoding trials
- 2) According to extrapolated phase angle at t=0

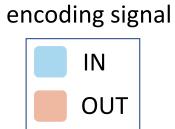
ERPs aligned to **visual stimulus**

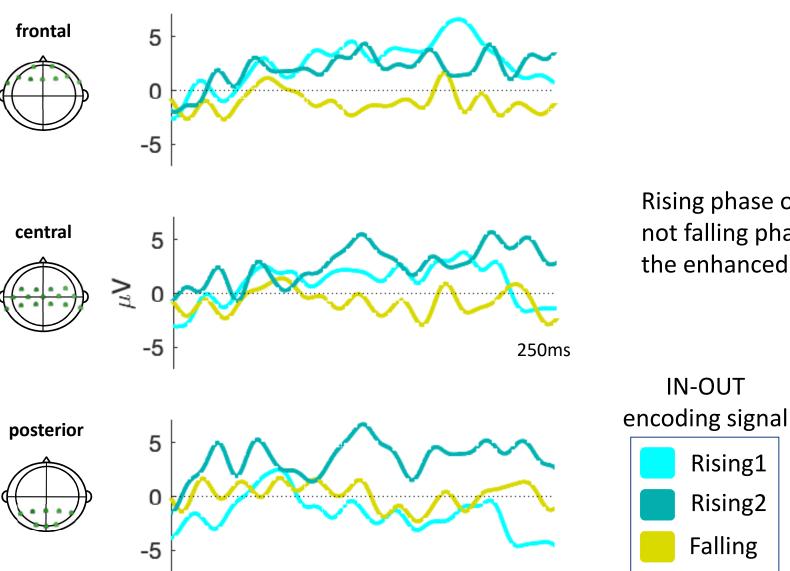




IN-network stimulation results in a more positive encoding signal after the visual stimulus

Which phase angles are contributing to that positivity?





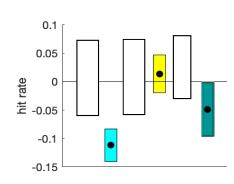
Rising phase of both cycles, but not falling phase, contribute to the enhanced IN positivity

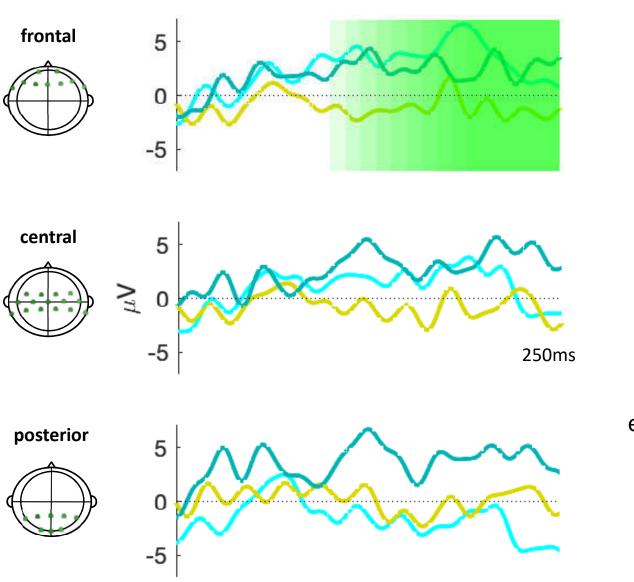
IN-OUT

Rising1

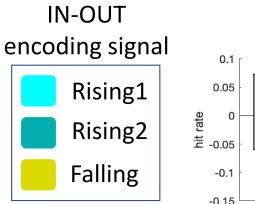
Rising2

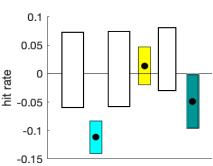
Falling



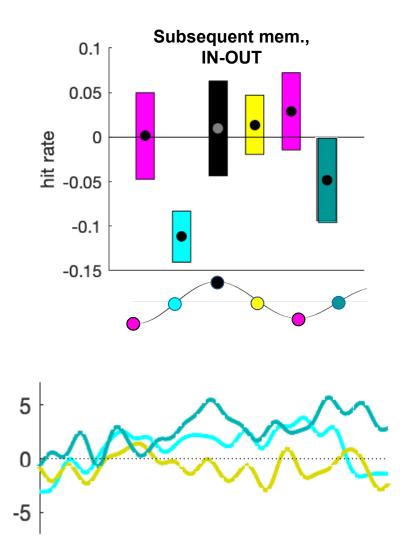


Rising phase of both cycles, but not falling phase, contribute to the enhanced IN positivity

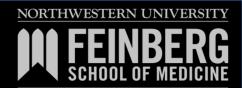




- Parietal stimulation periodically influenced encoding relative to vertex, affecting rising phases of both cycles compared to falling phase.
- ERP encoding signals were also modulated by phase of stimulus onset, with rising phases of both cycles generating the maximal encoding signal for parietal stimulation versus vertex.
- These findings suggest an influence of stimulation on encoding-related theta signals and support the role of theta phase in encoding.



Thanks!



Laboratory for Human Neuroscience

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